

Distributed Q-Learning with State Tracking for Multi-agent Networked Control

Hang Wang¹, Sen Lin¹, Hamid Jafarkhani², Junshan Zhang¹

¹Arizona State University, ²University of California, Irvine

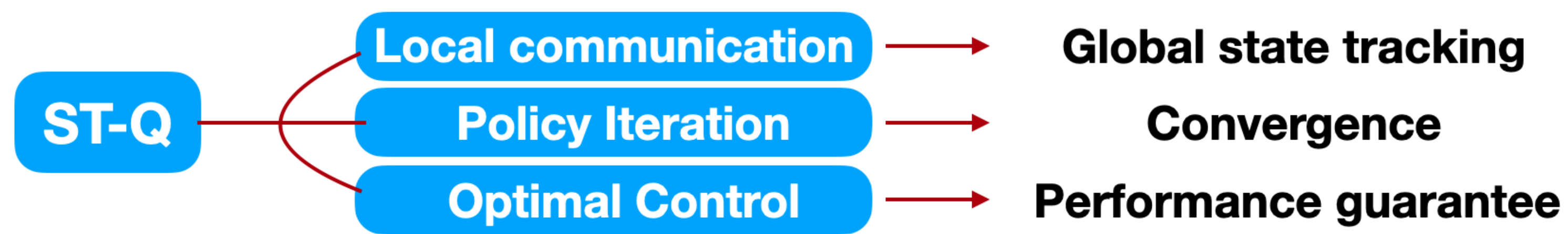


Summary

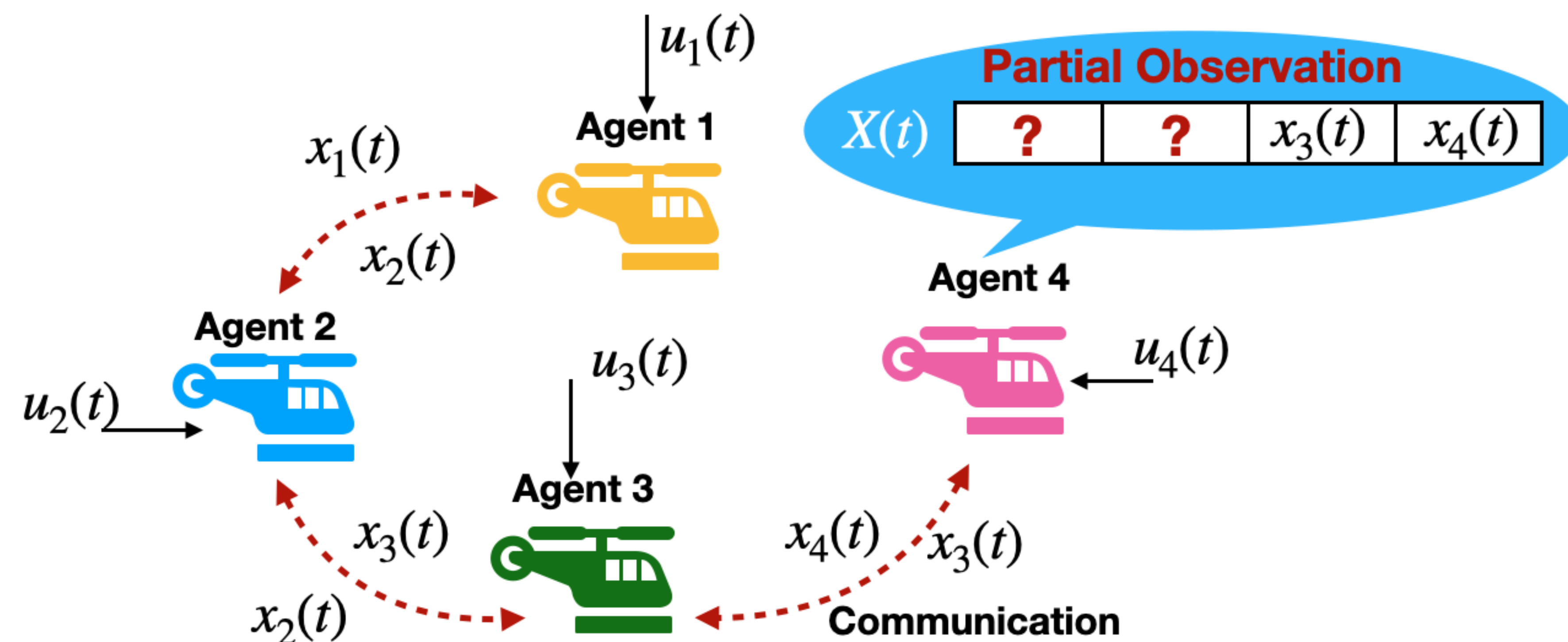
Distributed Linear Quadratic Regulator (LQR) Control

- unknown dynamics
- no central coordinator
- limited communication
- partial state observation

State Tracking based Q learning (ST-Q) Algorithm



Problem Setup



Multi-agent system: L agents

Unknown LTI system: $x_i(t+1) = \sum_{j=1}^L A_{ij}x_j(t) + B_i u_i(t)$

Quadratic cost: $g_i(t) = x_i(t)^\top P_i x_i(t) + u_i(t)^\top R_i u_i(t)$

Communication without a central coordinator

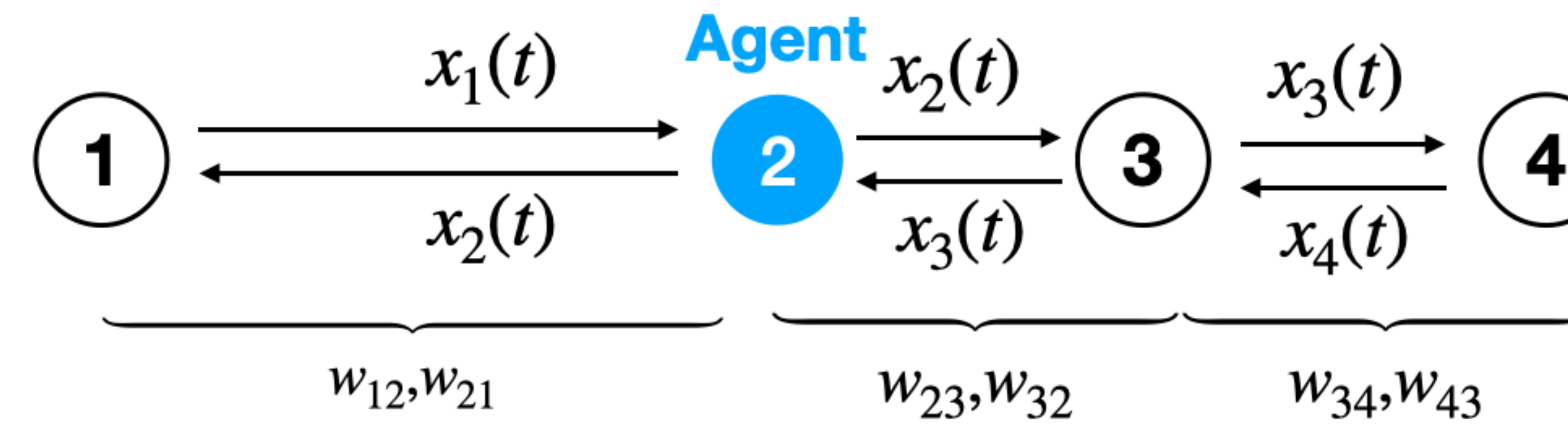
Linear feedback controller: $K_i (u_i(t) = K_i X(t))$

Goal: Find controllers for each agent that minimizes infinite-horizon cost of the whole system:

$$\min_{K_1, \dots, K_L} \sum_{i=1}^L \sum_{\tau_0}^{\infty} g_i(\tau)$$

s.t. $X(t)$ is partially observed

State Tracking-Q Learning



$$Z_i(t) = [\bar{x}_{i1}(t) \quad \bar{x}_{i2}(t) \quad \bar{x}_{i3}(t) \quad \bar{x}_{i4}(t)], i \in [L]$$

$$Z_2(t) = [x_{21}(t) \quad x_{22}(t) \quad x_{23}(t) \quad ?]$$

Step 1: Exchange current state with one-hop neighbor(s), e.g.,

$$x_1(t), x_3(t) \rightarrow \text{Agent 2}$$

Step 2: Weight the non-neighbor state estimation, e.g.,

$$Z_1(t), Z_3(t) \rightarrow \text{Agent 2}$$

Estimation towards Agent 4:

$$\bar{x}_{24}(t) = \frac{w_{21}\bar{x}_{14}(t)}{\text{Estimation from Agent 1}} + \frac{w_{23}\bar{x}_{34}(t)}{\text{Estimation from Agent 3}}$$

Q-factor (Bellman Equation):

$$Q_i(x_i(t), K_i X(t)) = g_i(t) + Q_i(x_i(t+1), K_i X(t+1))$$

Linear structure of the Q:

$$Q_i(x_i(t), u_i(t)) = [X(t); u_i(t)]^\top H_i [X(t); u_i(t)] = y_i(t)^\top \theta_i$$

$$y_i(t) = [x_1^2(t), x_1(t)x_2(t), \dots, x_L(t)u_i(t), u_i^2(t)]$$

Linear regression problem:

$$g_i(x_i(t), u_i(t)) = (y_i(t) - y_i(t+1))^\top \theta_i \triangleq \phi_i(t)^\top \theta_i$$

Repeat $q = 1, \dots$ (Policy Iteration)

For agent $i = 1, \dots, L$

For $p = 1, \dots, N$ (Policy Evaluation)
 Apply current policy: $u_i(t) = -K_{iq}Z_i(t) + \text{noise}$
 Measure $x_i(t+1)$
 State Tracking $Z_i(t+1)$ (State Tracking)
 Update parameter estimation $\theta_{iq}(p)$ (SGD/RLS)
 End for

End for

For agent $i = 1, \dots, L$

Obtain H_{iq} from $\theta_{iq}(p)$ (Policy Improvement)
 Update $K_{i(q+1)} = -H_{iq,22}^{-1}H_{iq,21}$

End for

Performance

Assumption

- System parameters are stabilizable
- Communication graph is connected
- Weight matrix is doubly stochastic
- Excitation noise is decaying

Convergence

- $Z_i(t) \rightarrow X(t)$
- $K_i \rightarrow K_i^*$

